

SRC-C1T1 Indoor CO2+Temperature transmitter

Features

- Indoor CO2 and temperature measurement
- CO2 level indication with three colours led
- Minimum and maximum value memory
- 0...10 V or 2...10 V measuring signals selectable with jumper
- Optional alternative signal ranges programmable
- May be used as simple P-controller
- Selectable averaging signal
- Optional external display (OPA-S)
- Status LED

Applications

- Indoor CO2 measurement
- Indoor temperature measurement
- Recording of minimum and maximum limits for critical environments
- Direct control of extraction fan



CO₂ transmitter

The CO2 concentration is measured through non-dispersive infrared (NDIR) waveguide technology with ABC automatic background calibration algorithm. The applied measuring technology guarantees excellent reliability and long-term stability. The microprocessor samples the CO2 once per second. It calculates an averaging signal over a preset number of seconds and generates the output signal.

The output signal range and type may be customized by jumpers and if required by a programming tool. Standard signal ranges are 0-10 VDC and 2-10 VDC. These ranges can be set by jumpers. Other ranges can be set by using the external display and programming module. (OPA-S)

Automatic baseline calibration (ABC)

The ABC background calibration constantly supervises the measured CO2 concentrations. The calibration function expects the CO2 values sink to 400 ppm when the room is not occupied. Over a period of several days the controller tries to reach this value step by step through recalibration of 30ppm per day max. In order to reach the given accuracy, it is required that the sensor is for at least 3 weeks in operation.

Note:

The ABC calibration works only in those applications where the CO2 concentration sinks regularly to fresh air levels of 400 ppm. For special applications such as green houses, animal farms, etc. the ABC calibration should be de-activated and the sensor should be manually calibrated. The automatic calibration can deactivate through the external operation terminal. The Sensor can be calibrated by the client and does not need to be sent in for calibration. See last page for details.

Temperature transmitter

The transmitter measures the temperature by the use of a precision sensing element. The microprocessor samples the temperature once per second. It calculates an averaging signal over a preset number of seconds and generates an output signal based on lower and upper signal range values. Standard range is -40...60°C (-40...140°F) and 10 seconds average. The measuring range and the averaging samples may be customized with the programming tool. Standard output signal range and types may be selected by jumpers. Standard signal ranges are: 0...10 VDC and 2...10 VDC. Other ranges can be defined by using a programming tool (OPA-S).

Minimum and maximum values

Using a display & programming accessory, the user has the option to read out and reset minimum and maximum values. The minimum and maximum values may as well be used as output signals. The minimum and maximum values are saved into the EEPROM and are available after a power interruption. The display of minimum maximum values for the CO2 sensor is limited to 2550. They may only be shown and memorized in steps of 10 ppm. This limitation does not apply for the current measurement of the CO2 value.

Indication of CO2 concentration:

A three colour LED is used to indicate levels of CO2-concentration: Green light for low CO2 concentration, orange light for medium and red light for high concentration. The levels for low-medium-high may be programmed. Default settings are 0 ppm< low < 800 ppm< medium < 1500 ppm < high.

The LED lights up constantly. The indication light intensity may be configured through parameter IP05.



Ordering

| Item Name | Item code | De | scription/Option |
|-------------|-------------|----|---|
| SRC-C1T1 | 40-300198 | CO | 2+temperature transmitter |
| SRC-C1T1 | 40-300198 | | Signal range: 02000 ppm, -4060°C (-40140°F) (Default) |
| SRC-C1T1-W1 | 40-300198-1 | 1 | Signal range: 02000 ppm, -3535°C (-3195°F) |
| SRC-C1T1-W2 | 40-300198-2 | 2 | Signal range: 02000 ppm, 050°C (32122°F) |
| SRC-C1T1-W3 | 40-300198-3 | 3 | Customer specific signal range |

Accessories

| Item name | Item code | Description/Option |
|-----------|-----------|--|
| OPA-S | | External display module square housing Note: For the correct display of values V1.7 and later is required. |
| OPU-S | | External display module rectangular housing Note: For the correct display of values V1.7 and later is required. |

Technical Specifications

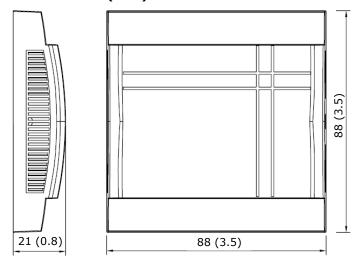
Important notice and safety advice

This device is for use as a transmitter. It is not a safety device. Where a device failure could endanger human life and property, it is the responsibility of the client, installer and system designer to add additional safety devices to prevent such a device failure. Ignoring specifications and local regulations may cause equipment damage and endangers life and property. Tampering with the device and misapplication will void warranty.

| Power supply | Operating voltage | | 24 V AC 50/60 Hz \pm 10%, 24 VDC \pm 10% SELV to HD 384, class II transformer, 48 VA max. | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Power consum | ption | Max. 2 VA | | |
| Connection | Terminal conn | ectors | For wire 0.342.5 mm ² (AWG 2412) | | |
| CO2 measurement | Sensing method | | Non-dispersive infrared (NDIR) waveguide technology with ABC automatic background calibration algorithm | | |
| | Response time | e (90%) | 2 Minutes | | |
| | Measurement | range | 0 - 2000 ppm _{vol.} | | |
| | Repeatability | | ± 20 ppm ± 1 % of measured value | | |
| | Accuracy | | ± 40 ppm ± 3 % of measured value | | |
| | Pressure dependence | | + 1.6 % reading per kPa deviation from normal pressure, 100 kPa | | |
| Temperature - measurement | Accuracy: 050°C (32 5060°C (122 Note on accur | 2158°F): | 0.5 K 1 K er power up for compensation swing in | | |
| Signal outputs | Analog output | • | - p | | |
| J , | Output signal | | DC 0-10 V, 2-10 V | | |
| | Resolution | | 10 bit, 9.7 mV | | |
| | Maximum load | | Voltage signal: ≥1kΩ, current signal: ≤500Ω To IEC 721-3-3 | | |
| Environment | Operation Climatic conditions | | class 3 K5 | | |
| | Temperature | cions | 050° C (32122° F) | | |
| | Humidity | | <95% RH non-condensing | | |
| | Transport & st Climatic condi Temperature Humidity Mechanical co | tions | To IEC 721-3-2 and IEC 721-3-1 class 3 K3 and class 1 K3 -3070° C (-22158° F) <95% RH non-condensing class 2M2 | | |
| General | Degree of pro | tection | IP30 to EN 60 529 | | |
| | Safety class | | III (IEC 60536) | | |
| | Material: | Cover Mounting plate | Fire proof ABS plastic Aluminium | | |
| | Dimensions (H x W x D) | | 88 x 88 x 21 mm (3.5 x 3.5 x 0.8 in) | | |
| | | ling package) | 130 g (4.6 oz) | | |



Dimension mm (inch)



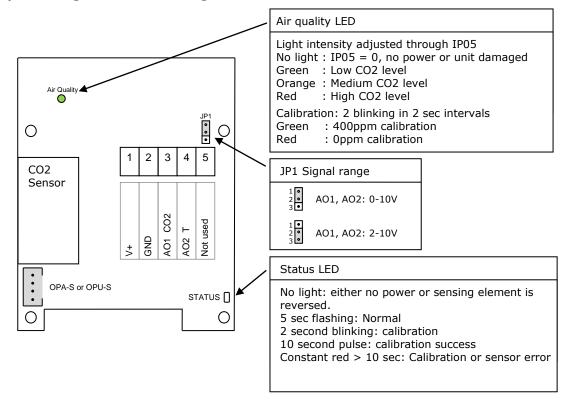
Mounting location

- On a flat, easily accessible inner wall
- The following installation locations should be avoided:
 - o Protect from direct exposure to sunlight
 - o Do not install near heat sources, e.g. radiators or other heat-generating devices
 - o Air storage spaces and niches, e.g. behind doors or shelves
 - o Outside walls insufficiently insulated
 - $\circ\quad$ In the direct sphere of influence of ventilation openings and fans

Mounting instruction

See installation sheet no. 70-000572 (www.vectorcontrols.com).

Jumper settings and indication lights





Configuration

The transmitter can be adapted to fit perfectly into any application by adjusting the software parameters. The parameters are set with the operation terminals OPA-S. The OPA-S may also be used as remote indicator.

Note: For correct display version 1.7 of OPA-S is required.

Input configuration

| Parameter | Description | Range | Default |
|-----------|--|-------------|----------|
| IP 00 | TI1: Celsius or Fahrenheit, C = OFF, F = ON | ON, OFF | OFF |
| IP 01 | TI1: Samples taken for averaging control signal | 1255 | 10 |
| IP 02 | TI1: Calibration | -1010 | 0 |
| IP 03 | TI1: Minimum temperature | -40215 °C/F | -40 °C |
| IP 04 | TI1: Maximum temperature | -40215 °C/F | 60 °C |
| IP 05 | CI1: Light intensity of air quality LED on front | 010 | 10 |
| IP 06 | CI1: Samples taken for averaging control signal | 1255 | 10 |
| IP 07 | CI1: Calibration | -1010% | 0 |
| IP 08 | CI1: Minimum CO2 range ppm | 05000 ppm | 0 ppm |
| | (concentration when output is at its minimum) | | |
| IP 09 | CI1: Maximum CO2 range ppm | 05000 ppm | 2000 ppm |
| | (concentration when output is at maximum) | | |
| IP 10 | CI1: Level for medium CO2 concentration (orange light) | 05000 ppm | 800 ppm |
| IP 11 | CI1: Level for high CO2 concentration (red light) | 05000 ppm | 1500 ppm |
| IP 12 | CI1: Enable ABC automatic background calibration | ON, OFF | ON |
| IP 13 | CI1: Calibrate CO2 sensor. Note: For normal operation, | 0 - 2 | 0 |
| | calibration is not required. Only experts should calibrate | | |
| | the sensor. | | |
| | 0 = No calibration (default) | | |
| | 1 = Calibrate to gas (0 ppm) | | |
| | 2 = Calibrate to fresh air (400 ppm) | | |

Output configuration

| Parameter | Description | Range | Default |
|-----------|---|------------|---------|
| OP 00 | AO1: CO2: Configuration of output signal: | 0 - 2 | 0 |
| | 0 = Feedback CO2 input, | | |
| | 1 = Feedback CO2 minimum value | | |
| | 2 = Feedback CO2 maximum value | | |
| OP 01 | AO1: CO2: Minimum limitation of output signal | 0 - Max. % | 0% |
| OP 02 | AO1: CO2: Maximum limitation of output signal | Min 100% | 100% |
| OP 03 | AO2: Temperature: Configuration of output signal: | 0 - 2 | 0 |
| | 0 = Feedback temperature input, | | |
| | 1 = Feedback temperature minimum value | | |
| | 2 = Feedback temperature maximum value | | |
| OP 04 | AO2: Temperature: Minimum limitation of output signal | 0 – Max % | 0% |
| OP 05 | AO2: Temperature: Maximum limitation of output signal | Min - 100% | 100% |

Output signal configuration

The signal range may be set with JP1 for both analog outputs. JP1 will only operate if the output range specified with OP01/OP02 or OP04/OP05 is left at the default position of 0...100%. With any other setting the position of JP1 has no influence and the range defined with the output parameters applies.

| Signal range | JP1 |
|--------------|-------|
| 0 - 10 V | (1-2) |
| 2 - 10 V | (2-3) |

Error messages shown on OPA-S

Err1: Communication error: Verify cable connections, cable type and maximum distance.

Err2: Temperature sensor error (element damaged or missing)

Err3: CO2 sensor error: Make sure the sensor is not miss-calibrated. If possible, execute 400 ppm calibration. (See

below). If error cannot be removed by calibrating the sensor, replace product.



Use as P-controller

The CO2-transmitter may be converted into a proportional fresh air controller through a simple change of two parameter settings:

Set a minimum concentration when the fresh air fan should start to run at its minimum speed for example 500 ppm. Set this as the minimum value in IP08 parameter. Then define the value when the fan should run at full speed, for example 1000 ppm and set this value in IP09. Your transmitter has now been converted into an air quality P-controller! The fan will start to run if the CO2 concentration is higher than 500 ppm. It increases to its maximum when CO2 concentration reaches 1000 ppm.

Calibration

The default sensor OEM unit is maintenance free in normal environments thanks to the built-in self-correcting ABC algorithm (Automatic Baseline Correction). This algorithm constantly keeps track of the sensor's lowest reading over a 7 days interval and slowly corrects for any long-term drift detected as compared to the expected fresh air value of 400 ppm CO2.

Rough handling and transportation might, however, result in a reduction of sensor reading accuracy. With time, the ABC function will tune the readings back to the correct numbers. The default "tuning speed" is however limited to about 30 ppm/week. For post calibration convenience, in the event that one cannot wait for the ABC algorithm to cure any calibration offset, manual calibration may be activated using following procedure. There are two calibration possibilities: 0 ppm and 400 ppm. Only one calibration needs to be performed.

Calibration to 400 ppm (Fresh air)

- 1. Connect OPA-S and expose the active sensor for at least 5 minutes to fresh outside air. It is important to expose the sensor to only fresh air. An open window close to the sensor with a higher level of CO2 could prevent a stable signal. Observe the CO2 value on the OPA-S.
- 2. Once the CO2 value has stabilized, login with the OPA-S and set IP13 = 2, then exit configuration mode. The air quality led will blink green colour 2 times alternating with the status led in 2 second intervals.
- 3. The sensor will now wait for a stable concentration. Once the calibration has been executed, the status LED will show constant RED and the green air quality led will blink for 10s if successful. If calibration is not successful (no stability of concentration for 5 min, no communication with sensor) the red air quality led will blink instead and the status LED will stay constantly on red in error mode. Recalibrate or restart device to stop error mode.
- 4. You may additionally verify the calibration using the OPA-S. If successful IP13 will change to 0. If unsuccessful the value of IP13 changes to 4.
- 5. If unsuccessful, wait at least 1 minute before repeating the procedure again. Make sure that the sensor environment is steady and calm!

Calibration to 0 ppm with CO2 free gas

- 1. Connect OPA-S and place the sensor in a container filled with a gas mixture which is free from CO2 (i.e. Nitrogen or Soda Lime CO2 scrubbed air). Observe the CO2 value on the OPA-S.
- 2. Once the CO2 value has stabilized, login with the OPA-S and set IP13 = 1, then exit configuration mode. The air quality LED will blink in red colour 2 times alternating with the status led in 2 second intervals.
- 3. The sensor will now wait for a stable concentration. Once the calibration has been executed, the status LED will show constant RED and the green air quality led will blink for 10s if successful. If calibration is not successful (no stability of concentration for 5 min, no communication with sensor) the red air quality led will blink instead and the status LED will stay constantly on red in error mode. Recalibrate or restart device to stop error mode.
- 4. You may additionally verify the calibration using the OPA-S. If successful IP13 will change to 0. If unsuccessful the value of IP13 changes to 4.
- 5. If unsuccessful, wait at least 1 minute before repeating the procedure again. Make sure that the sensor environment is steady and calm!



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